					Teacher
		While watchi	ng, complet	te this video guid	е.
	C				
ut I now know	w because I B				
∆ 1. Bacteria	a are almost g				
	•		• •	that the purpos	e of sexual reproduction gives us
∆ 3. Researc	ch shows that	women can detect g	enetic dif	ferences throug	gh
Δ 4. In the s	study, women	men who had genes t	that	som	e of their own.
🛆 5. Natural	selection is t	he cornerstone of _			
🛆 6. Creatur	res have to su	rvive in their enviror	nment and	compete to pas	s on
Δ 7. The mo	ore eyespots o	1 peacock has on his	tail, the m	ore likely it is t	hat his offspring will
🛆 8. Orname	ental traits of	ten mean that a male	e is only of	ffering his	not a child rearing partner.
🛆 9. Female	seahorses ag	gressively compete f	or the ma	les, and males c	arry the
∆ 10. The sa	me signal tha	t attracts a potentic	ıl mate car	n also attract ui	nwanted (<u>predators</u> / <u>parasites</u>).
🛆 11. A paras	sitoid fly is at	tracted to the call t	that male_		use to attract a mate.
		•	<u>tonin</u>), whi	ich is the same	chemical your brain releases in
∆ 13. The (<u>f</u>	rontal lobe / l		e vecoprec	sin and axytoci	
long-	term attachn	••	s vusopres		n, the chemicals involved in forming
	EN13 aree things I in the video: Three things I out I now know atched the v 1. Bacteria diver 2. The The unique 3. Researce 4. In the second 4. In the second 4. In the second 5. Natural 5. Natural 6. Creatur A 7. The mod 8. Orname A 9. Female 10. The second 11. A parase 12. Roman response	EN13 The E		Date: / / EN13 The Evolution of While watching, complete aree things I knew A C There things I didn't know A C Three things I didn't know A atched the video. C A 1. Bacteria are almost genetically, but diversity. A 2. The Theory of the Red (Queen / Dwarf) proposes to unique immune systems to help fight off germs. A 3. Research shows that women can detect genetic diferent and the study, women men who had genes that	