CONCEPT 1

Scientists classify cells into two types based on the presence or absence of a nucleus.

Activity

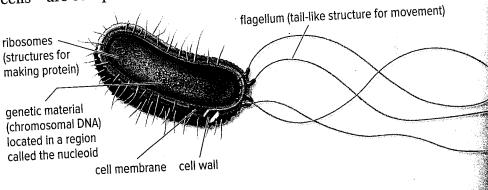
Asking Questions About Cells

As a scientist, you observe the two cells shown in Figure 1.10. Record at least three observations you can make. What questions can you ask based on your observations? What hypothesis would you state based on your observations and questions? How would you test your hypothesis?

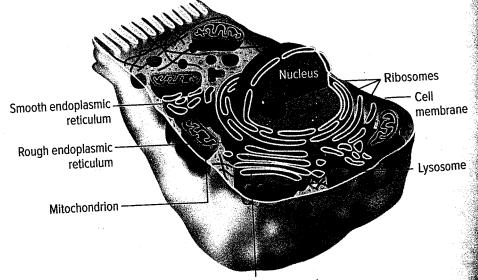
Figure 1.10 The two main types of cells

Prokaryotic Cell

s scientists have studied millions of cells, they have developed criteria that let them classify all cells into two main types. These two types—prokaryotic cells and eukaryotic cells—are compared in Figure 1.10.



Eukaryotic Cell



Golgi apparatus

Prokaryotic Cells

A prokaryotic cell does not have a separate nucleus. In fact, the word prokaryotic comes from the words pro-, which means before, and karyon, which means nucleus. In addition to lacking a nucleus, prokaryotic cells are simpler than the other type of cells. They have fewer internal structures.

prokaryotic cell a type of cell without a nucleus and whose internal parts are not surrounded by membranes

Eukaryotic Cells

A eukaryotic cell has a nucleus, which contains the cell's genetic material. The nucleus is surrounded by a membrane. The eupart of the word means proper, so a eukaryotic cell is one that has a proper or actual nucleus. Eukaryotic cells also contain other internal structures called organelles, which carry out cell processes. Eukaryotic cells are about 10 times as large as prokaryotic cells, and they are more complex. Table 1.2 compares these two types of cells.

eukaryotic cell a type of cell whose nucleus and other internal parts are surrounded by membranes

Table 1.2 Comparison of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Cells

Characteristic	Prokaryotic Cell	Eukaryotic Cell
Characteristic		yes
Genetic material contained in nucleus surrounded by a membrane	no	, ,
	no	yes
Organelles surrounded by membranes		t at 40 times as large and
Size and complexity	smaller and less complex	about 10 times as large and more complex
Can carry out all processes needed to	yes	yes
stay alive		liver cell of an animal
Example	bacterium	liver cen of all allimat

Activity

Cell Models

Build a model of an organism that either is or contains prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells. Use materials you bring from home, those provided by your teacher, or computer software to make your model. How can you connect the components of your model to the processes of life?

Before you leave this page . . .

- 1. Use a Venn diagram to compare and contrast prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
- 2. Write three statements that are true of both prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.