

3.4

Using the Pythagorean Relationship

MathLinks 8, pages 101-105

Key Ideas Review

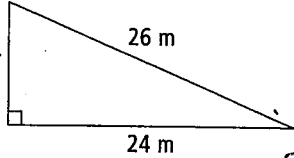
Choose from the following terms to complete #1.

- hypotenuse legs length Pythagorean

1. The Pythagorean relationship can be used to determine the length of the hypotenuse of a right triangle when the lengths of the two legs are known.

2. Use the relationship to determine the length of C in each triangle, to the nearest whole number. Show your work.

a)



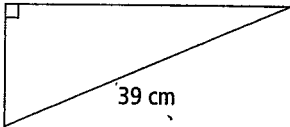
$$c^2 + 24^2 = 26^2$$

$$c^2 + 576 = 676 - 576$$

$$c^2 = 100$$

$$c = \sqrt{100} = 10$$

b)



$$15^2 + c^2 = 39^2$$

$$225 + c^2 = 1521$$

$$c^2 = 1296$$

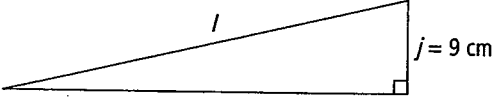
$$c = \sqrt{1296}$$

$$c = 36$$

Practise and Apply

3. Determine the length of each hypotenuse. Show your work.

a)



$$k^2 + j^2 = l^2$$

$$40^2 + 9^2 = l^2$$

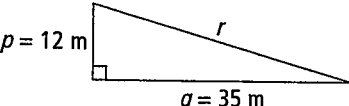
$$1600 + 81 = l^2$$

$$1681 = l^2$$

$$l = \sqrt{1681}$$

$$l = 41$$

b)



$$p^2 + q^2 = r^2$$

$$12^2 + 35^2 = r^2$$

$$144 + 1225 = r^2$$

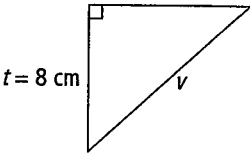
$$1369 = r^2$$

$$\sqrt{1369} = r$$

$$r = 37$$

4. What is the length of each hypotenuse, to the nearest centimetre? Show your work.

a)



$$u^2 + t^2 = v^2$$

$$9^2 + 8^2 = v^2$$

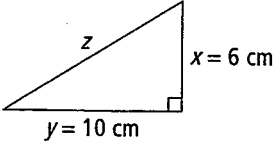
$$81 + 64 = v^2$$

$$145 = v^2$$

$$12.04 = v$$

$$12 = v$$

b)



$$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$$

$$6^2 + 10^2 = z^2$$

$$36 + 100 = z^2$$

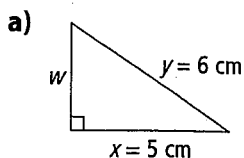
$$136 = z^2$$

$$\sqrt{136} = z$$

$$11.66 = z$$

$$12 = z$$

5. Calculate the missing side length for each right triangle, to the nearest tenth of a centimetre. Show your work.



$$w^2 + x^2 = y^2$$

$$w^2 + 5^2 = 6^2$$

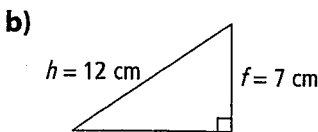
$$w^2 + 25 = 36$$

$$w^2 + 25 - 25 = 36 - 25$$

$$w^2 = 11$$

$$\sqrt{w} = 11 \rightarrow w = 3.3166$$

$$w = \underline{\underline{3.3 \text{ cm}}}$$



$$f^2 + g^2 = h^2$$

$$7^2 + g^2 = 12^2$$

$$49 + g^2 = 144$$

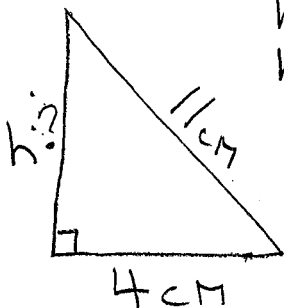
$$49 - 49 + g^2 = 144 - 49$$

$$g^2 = 95$$

$$g = 9.74679$$

$$g = \underline{\underline{9.7 \text{ cm}}}$$

6. Find the height of a triangle with a base of 4 cm and a hypotenuse of 11 cm. Round to the nearest tenth of a centimetre. Show your work.



$$h^2 + 4^2 = 11^2$$

$$h^2 + 16 = 121$$

$$h^2 + 16 - 16 = 121 - 16$$

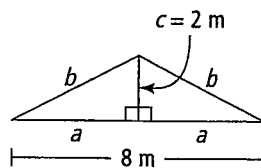
$$h^2 = 105$$

$$h = \sqrt{105}$$

$$h = 10.24695$$

$$h = \underline{\underline{10.3 \text{ cm}}}$$

7. A triangle is made up of two smaller congruent right triangles.



- a) Find the length of the hypotenuse for the right triangles, to the nearest tenth of a metre. Show your work.

$$a^2 + c^2 = b^2$$

$$4^2 + 2^2 = b^2$$

$$16 + 4 = b^2$$

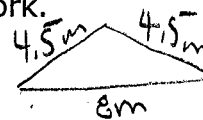
$$20 = b^2$$

$$\sqrt{20} = b$$

$$b = 4.4721359$$

$$b = \underline{\underline{4.5 \text{ m}}}$$

- b) Calculate the perimeter of the large triangle, to the nearest tenth of a metre. Show your work.



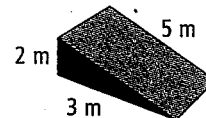
$$4.5 + 4.5 + 8$$

$$9 + 8$$

$$17 \text{ m}$$

$$\underline{\underline{17.0 \text{ m}}}$$

8. Ellie and Lucas are going to the skateboard park to try out the new ramp.



Is the new ramp a right triangle? Explain your thinking.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$3^2 + 2^2 = 5^2$$

$$9 + 4 = 25$$

$$13 \neq 25$$

no, this is not a right triangle!

3.5

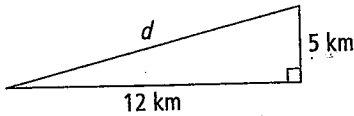
Applying the Pythagorean Relationship

MathLinks 8, pages 106-111

Key Ideas Review

Use the diagrams provided to complete the equations for #1.

1. a)



$$d^2 = 12^2 + 5^2$$

$$d^2 = 144 + 25$$

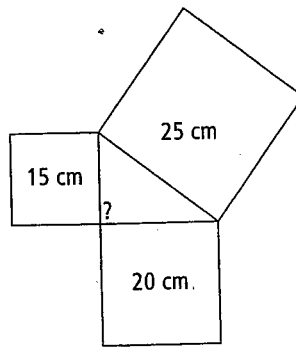
$$d^2 = 169$$

$$d = \sqrt{169}$$

$$d = 13$$

The hypotenuse is 13 km long.

b)



$$15^2 + 20^2 = 25^2$$

$$\text{Left side: } 15^2 + 20^2 = 225 + 400 = 625$$

$$\text{Right side: } 25^2 = 625$$

Are both sides equal?

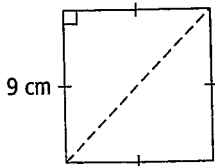
YES NO

Is this a right triangle?

YES NO

Practise and Apply

2. What is the length of the diagonal of a square whose sides measure 9 cm? Give the answer to the nearest tenth of a centimetre. Show your work.



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$9^2 + 9^2 = c^2$$

$$81 + 81 = c^2$$

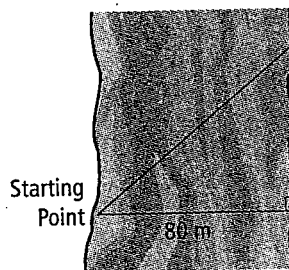
$$162 = c^2$$

$$\sqrt{162} = c$$

$$12.7279 = c$$

$$\boxed{12.7 \text{ cm} = c}$$

3. Aden decides to swim across a river that is 80 m wide. As he begins to swim the current carries him 60 m downstream. How far did he actually swim?



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$80^2 + 60^2 = c^2$$

$$6400 + 3600 = c^2$$

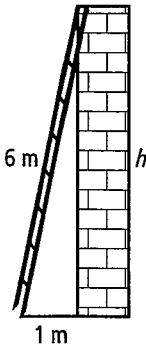
$$10000 = c^2$$

$$\sqrt{10000} = c$$

$$\boxed{100 \text{ m} = c}$$

100 meters

4. The foot of a ladder is 1 m from a wall. If the ladder is 6 m long, how far up the wall does the ladder reach? Give the answer to the nearest tenth of a metre. Show your work.



$$h^2 + 1^2 = 6^2$$

$$h^2 + 1 = 36 - 1$$

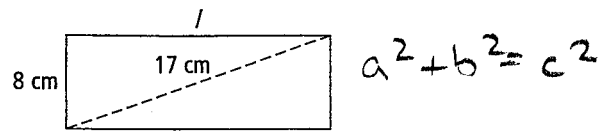
$$h^2 = 35$$

$$h = \sqrt{35}$$

$$h = 5.9161 \text{ m}$$

$h = 5.9 \text{ m}$

6. The width of a rectangle is 8 cm, and its diagonal is 17 cm.



- a) Calculate the length of the rectangle. Show your work.

$$8^2 + l^2 = 17^2$$

$$64 + l^2 = 289 - 64$$

$$l^2 = 225 \quad l = \sqrt{225} \quad l = 15 \text{ cm}$$

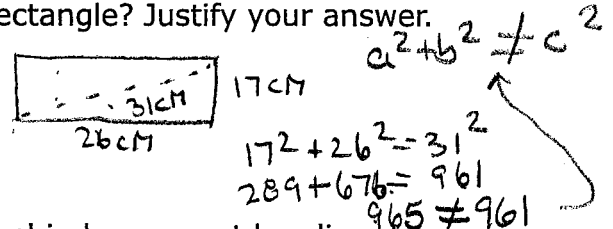
- b) Calculate the area of the rectangle. Show your work.

$$A = L \times W$$

$$A = 15 \times 8$$

$$A = 120 \text{ cm}^2$$

7. A quadrilateral has a width of 17 cm and a length of 26 cm. A diagonal is 31 cm. Is the quadrilateral a rectangle? Justify your answer.



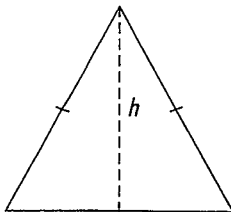
$$17^2 + 26^2 = 31^2$$

$$289 + 676 = 961$$

$$965 \neq 961$$

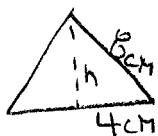
$a^2 + b^2 \neq c^2$

5. The perimeter of an equilateral triangle is 24 cm.



Calculate the height of the triangle to the nearest tenth of a centimetre. Show your work.

equilateral triangle: all 3 sides are the same. $24 \div 3 = 8$



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$4^2 + h^2 = 8^2$$

$$16 + h^2 = 64 - 16$$

$$h^2 = 48$$

$$h = \sqrt{48}$$

$$h = 6.9282 \text{ cm}$$

$h = 6.9 \text{ cm}$

8. A ship leaves port heading due west. After travelling at a speed of 20 km/h for 10 h, the ship makes a 90° turn and heads south, travelling at the same speed. After travelling south for 7½ h, how far is the ship from the port? Show your work.

